## **EXHIBIT J**

Cited portions of Deposition of Vicki Becker dated 10/29/2014 taken in Lana Canen v. Dennis Chapman, et al.,
U.S. District Court, Northern District of Indiana,
South Bend Division, Case No. 3:14-CV-00315

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Q. I would like you to tell me what your relationship was, then, with Joel Williams in the trial of Lana Canen.

A. Joel Williams is an associate of mine here at the prosecutor's office. He joined our team in early 2003. I do not remember the specific date, but I know it was early of 2003. And he and I worked closely together on a variety of cases. He's quite an experienced attorney.

And so when we began the prosecution of the Lana Canen case and Andrew Royer case, he worked on the case with me in the original evaluation stage.

I'm not sure how much he participated in the actual charging. That was primarily myself preparing the paperwork and Mr. Hill approving it. And then he assisted me as we went forward in the pretrial proceedings, as well as the trial.

- Q. Okay. So you're -- you were lead counsel and he did some of the pretrial evaluation, things like that?
- A. I wouldn't say "lead." We really don't designate a lead all the time. Perhaps it was interpreted that I am the lead, which is a fair assessment. But I never sat there and said, "You're second." "I'd lead," and then go from there.

- about something, I'll either call one of the supervisors, or if it's a case that I'm working involving a specific investigator, I contact them directly. But I have an open line of communication, basically, from the chief, down. So if I need something from the chief, I can contact the chief.
  - But we don't have like a designated liaison that takes care of all of those types of communications.

    Chief Investigator Winbigler is what you would probably consider a liaison, but that's more in general type things, not necessarily specific casework.
  - Q. So you don't delegate this to somebody else when it's a murder case; you do all the contacting with the Elkhart City Police yourself?
- 16 A. I do.

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- 17 | O. Okay.
- 18 | A. I do.
- Q. And is that true as well with the Elkhart Sheriff's
  Department?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Tell me, if you can, when you first became involved in the homicide of Helen Sailor.
- A. I honestly don't know. I do not know when I first started looking into it. I remember that I had it

- 1 under review for a decent period of time before we
- 2 elected to charge, so I'm sure that it was a period
- of months between the time that I initially got it
- 4 and started reviewing it and the time that charges
- were filed against Mr. Royer and then thereafter
- followed with Mrs. Canen.
- 7 Q. There was a considerable amount of time. She died
- 8 November 28, 2002.
- 9 A. Okay.
- 10 Q. And the trial commenced August the 8th, 2005. She
- was charged September 2nd, 2004.
- 12 A. Okay.
- 13 Q. 22 months. I'd say that's more than just a few
- months.
- 15 A. Well, I don't know when the case actually came over
- 16 for our review. That's what I was referring to,
- because that was the question you asked.
- 18 | Q. Yes.
- 19 A. I don't know when the case was submitted to the
- 20 prosecutor's office for review.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. It had to be after January of 2003 because Mr. Hill
- was not even in office until then, and I wasn't the
- 24 chief deputy before then.
- 25 Q. Okay. So in reviewing the case, that's not

- something you've found -- or familiarized yourself
  with when you got involved?
- A. No. I -- I can't sit here and tell you when we received the case for review. I'm sorry.
- Q. Okay. Had you ever worked with Mr. Dennis Chapman
  before this case?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And had you ever worked with him in a murder case?
- 9 A. I don't know.
- 10 | Q. Did you attend the PCR hearing?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. Do you know who did?
- 13 A. David Francisco.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. Are you talking about on our behalf as the
- 16 prosecutor?
- 17 Q. Yes.
- 18 A. Yes. David Francisco.
- 19 Q. And was he somebody that you designated?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Okay. Was he familiar with the case?
- 22 A. Hold on. I did attend some of the PCR hearing. I
- 23 did not play a role. But I remember going into the
- courtroom and watching part of it, but I couldn't
- even tell you who the witness was. I apologize.

- 1 Q. Yeah, "Royer."
- 2 -- separately?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Okay. And then you waited on charging Lana Canen?
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. And what was -- was it based on Mr. Chapman's analysis of the fingerprint?
- 8 A. That was absolutely part of it, yes.
- 9 Q. And you'd used him before?
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. Did you later learn from any source, reviewing his testimony, what his credentials were?
- A. Actually, I was aware of his credentials before utilizing his services.
- 15 | Q. Well, what were those credentials?
- 16 A. To the best of my recollection, he worked for the FBI
- for a period of time doing classification of
- 18 fingerprints. He also had been working for the
- 19 Elkhart County Sheriffs Department in their crime
- 20 laboratory doing a variety of forensic services,
- 21 photographing. I know he had done quite a bit of
- 22 fingerprint amplification, for lack of a better term.
- I know there's a better word for it. But basically
- 24 collecting latent prints, collecting patent prints,
- documenting those, preserving them as evidence,

et cetera, et cetera.

I had worked with him on previous occasions of identifying patent compared to latent prints on print cards versus inked finger prints that he had taken in what habitual phases of cases. And I believe -- well, I know that I had talked to him on a couple of different occasions regarding his assessment of fingerprint evidence in other cases.

- Q. Okay. Were you aware that he'd only testified in one murder trial before?
- A. I don't know.
- Q. Were you aware that he had done no cases involving complex latent fingerprints?
  - A. That depends on what you mean by complex latent fingerprint.
    - Q. That's a term of art that I understand, as opposed to just looking at a latent fingerprint. In other words, I understand he went to some training after this murder case, but beforehand he had no training or experience in examining complex latent fingerprints and making those comparisons.

MR. DE BONI: I'm just going to object to the form of the question; lacks foundation.

MR. KUS: There's no question yet.

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1 It is very clear to me that you and I 2 have different definitions of things. 3 And until I'm comfortable with what you mean by "complex," that's not a question 4 I can answer for you. BY MR. SUTHERLIN: 6 7 What is a ten-print examination? 8 A. Ten-print examination, to my understanding, is when 9 you have an inked fingerprint card involving the ten 10 fingers of most human's hands, right and left. And you can look at that inked fingerprint card, which is 11 12 a patent print, and draw conclusions or make 13 observations about that ten-print card. 14 Q. Did you make the decision to hire Mr. Chapman? Mr. Chapman was not hired. 15 16 Brought into the case? Ο. 17 Α. I think so, yes. 18 But you're not sure? Ο. 19 Α. I'm not sure. 20 Why didn't you use the Indiana State Police Crime Ο. 21 lab? Because they were backlogged so bad that we had to 22 23 ask them to give the fingerprints back because we 24 asked them to do it and they couldn't get it done in

a timely fashion.

- Q. So first you sent them there?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And they couldn't get them back in two and a half years?
- 5 A. That's correct. Well, I don't know when they sent them.
  - Q. Two years.
    - A. I can't answer that question. But I didn't know that they did not have them done and they told us they could not get them done.

And when I say "us," it was Joel Borden, I believe, that had the direct communication with the Indiana State Police Laboratory. I could be wrong about that, but Joel was the crime scene investigator for Elkhart Police Department at the time, and that would, generally, be how it occurred.

I was under the impression that Indiana State

Police could not finish the evaluation in time for

Andrew Royer's trial. And, therefore, we wanted to

be able to have those questions answered before

Mr. Royer's trial, the first trial. And so we

started brainstorming about other individuals that

may have expertise in this area to determine whether

or not they could help.

Q. Were you involved in the preparation of Mr. Chapman

- Q. Do you recall that in the Lana Canen criminal case tried in Elkhart Circuit Court that Ms. Canen was represented by Brent Zook?

  A. Yes.

  Q. And is it your understanding that Brent Zook was
- appointed by the Elkhart County Public Defender's

  Office?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. To represent Ms. Canen?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Had you had other cases with Mr. Zook prior to
  12 Mrs. Cane's criminal case?
- 13 A. Many.
- Q. So was Mr. Zook a fairly experienced criminal defense attorney?
- MR. SUTHERLIN: Objection; present tense no longer applies.
- 18 BY MR. DE BONI:
- 19 Q. Did you hear my question?
- A. Yes. He was very experienced at the time that this case was tried. He'd been around longer than I had.
- MR. KUS: We've all been around at
- 23 this table longer than you have.
- 24 THE WITNESS: I don't know about
- everybody.

- Q. And Mr. Royer was represented by Chris Crawford.

  Is that correct?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. I wonder if you could turn to the date 7/29/2005.
- 5 A. I have it.
- 6 Q. Part of the Court's entry states that, "Court
- 7 confirms trial date of August 8, 2005, at 8:30 a.m.
- 8 with joint trial to be conducted of each
- 9 defendant."
- 10 Do you see where I'm at?
- 11 A. I do.
- 12 Q. "Court also confirms that each defendant will
- 13 employ the defense that they did not commit this
- 14 offense. And the Court also notes from counsel
- that discovery has been completed."
- Do you see that entry?
- 17 | A. I do.
- 18 Q. So my question is: Do you recall specifically --
- 19 I'm sorry.
- 20 (Off the record.)
- 21 BY MR. DE BONI:
- 22 | Q. Do you recall in this specific case what discovery
- was conducted?
- 24 A. No. I do not recall specifically what discovery was
- 25 conducted. During this period of time we had more of

an open-file type of discovery process where we would allow the defense to review our entire file, including notes, anything that wasn't really confidential.

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We also were at a practice of making photocopies of police reports as well as, you know, summaries, narratives, et cetera, et cetera, and providing physical evidence such as audio, video, anything that was physically documented. We tried to be as open as we could.

- Q. This open-file process you just described, that would have been in place at the time of the Lana Canen case?
- A. I believe so. I believe so. At least at the beginning of it, because we -- it wasn't -- I don't remember when we went more to the "We'll provide everything for you," as opposed to "Come over and take a look." It was kind of a combination, a carry-over from the previous administration.

But Mr. Zook and Mr. Crawford and I, all of us, had a very open relationship such that, you know, "Whatever I have, you're welcome to" type of thing.

Q. Did you have that you recall now -- I know it's been a few years -- any discovery disputes with Mr. Zook such that he wanted something and the

- prosecuting -- the prosecutors refused to turn it over?
- 3 A. No. Nothing.
- Q. Do you recall in this case whether the police
  reports involving the murder of Helen Sailor would
  have been available to Mr. Zook and Mr. Crawford?
- 7 A. Yes, I am positive they were.
- 8 Q. Okay.
- 9 A. In fact, we may have burned photocopies for them.
- 10 (Plaintiff's Exhibit No. 22 marked.)
- 11 BY MR. SUTHERLIN:
- 12 Q. Exhibit 22, do you see that in front of you, ma'am?
- 13 A. Yes, I do.
- 14 Q. Is the report authored by Dennis Chapman? Correct?
- 15 A. It appears to be, yes.
- Q. Would this report have been turned over to Mr. Zook
- and Mr. Crawford prior to the trial?
- 18 A. Yes. I am sure it was.
- 19 Q. That would be your normal procedure?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Would this be considered part of what criminal
- 22 attorneys call Brady material the prosecutor turns
- 23 over?
- 24 A. No. This would not really be Brady material. Brady
- 25 material is more along the lines of material that

- would be shown to exonerate someone as opposed to incriminate someone.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- A. This would be part of the standard discovery just regarding evidence that we would anticipate at trial.
- And by this time, obviously we intended to call

  Detective Chapman as a witness, so this would be a

  summary of his observations in preparation for his
- 9 being a witness.
- Q. Are you confident sitting here today that Mr. Zook would have received Exhibit 22?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 | O. Prior to the criminal trial?
- 14 A. Yes.

- 15 (Plaintiff's Exhibit No. 23 marked.)
- 16 BY MR. SUTHERLIN:
- 17 Q. Now, what is Exhibit 23.
- A. 23 appears to be the State's witness and exhibit list
  bearing my signature that was filed in July of 2005,
  so prior to the trial. And then we provided an
  addendum on August 5th, 2005. And then again on
  August 8th, 2005, another addendum. All on what
- Q. So you list on behalf of the State or the

appears to be my signature.

25 prosecutor all the witnesses and exhibits that you

- expect to use --
- 2 A. We --

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- 3 | Q. -- in trial?
- 4 A. -- articulate the specific ones that are very, very clear.
- 6 | Q. Right.
- A. And then there's also kind of the catch-all phrase,

  "As well as any other witness that does not now

  appear to be relevant but may become relevant due to

  defendant's actions at trial," which is rather the

  catch-all.
  - Generally speaking, that's part of why we engage in the open discovery, that if we have any reference to a witness within our file, then we deem the defendant to be on notice that they could be a witness in the case.
  - Q. Mr. Retired Detective Chapman is on your list of witnesses; correct?
- A. That is true. He was on the initial list that was filed in July of 2005.
- Q. Do you recall that Mr. Zook, as well as

  Mr. Crawford, would have known about Dennis Chapman

  authoring a fingerprint report?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Prior to July 29, 2005 --

56 1 first time that Mr. Zook heard of the name 2 Dennis Chapman? 3 A. No. As being a State's witness in this case? 4 A. No. In criminal prosecutions can the defense request 6 7 pretrial depositions of witnesses? 8 A. Yes. 9 Q. All right. In the Lana Canen murder prosecution 10 could Mr. Zook have requested the opportunity to take the deposition of Dennis Chapman pretrial? 11 12 A. Yes. 13 Is that done from time to time --14 Α. Yes. 15 -- in your criminal cases? Q. 16 Α. Yes. And in that deposition, I assume -- but correct me 17 if I'm wrong -- that the criminal defense attorney, 18 19 in this case Mr. Zook, could have asked 20 Dennis Chapman any relevant questions about his 21 background? Training? Qualifications? 22 MR. SUTHERLIN: Object to the form of 23 the question. This witness is not here 24 to speak for Mr. Zook.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

- 1 BY MR. DE BONI:
- 2 | O. "Yes"?
- 3 A. Yes.
- Q. If a criminal defense attorney wants to take the deposition of an expert who's going to testify on certain forensic evidence, based on your experience, do you know the questions could go to
- 8 background qualifications?
- 9 A. Yes.

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- Q. All right. Did Mr. Zook do that in this particular case involving Lana Canen?
- 12 A. Not in this particular case, no.
- Q. Is there anything that you're aware of as one of
  the prosecutors that prevented Mr. Zook from
  seeking the pretrial deposition of Dennis Chapman?
- 16 A. Not within my knowledge, no.
  - Q. I want to ask you, Mrs. Becker, about -- I made a

    Xerox copy here of a portion of Indiana Rules of

    Evidence. I'll ask the question for the record.

In a room full of lawyers people might say well, why even ask the question. But I assume in the criminal trials that occurred in 2005, which is the year that Lana Canen's criminal trial occurred, that the Indiana Rules of Evidence were applicable; correct?

A. Yes.

- Q. Now, I have before you a portion that I Xeroxed off
- 3 pertaining to opinions of expert testimony,
- 4 Article 7?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. What I want to ask you, Ms. Becker, is the
- 7 procedure based on your experience of naming an
- 8 expert in a criminal trial.
- 9 A. (Witness nods head.)
- 10 Q. And opposing counsel challenging an expert in a
- 11 criminal trial?
- 12 | A. (Witness nods head.)
- 13 Q. So my first question is: If Mr. Zook would have
- 14 taken the deposition of Dennis Chapman and asked
- Mr. Chapman about his qualifications, and if
- 16 Mr. Zook felt that his qualifications were
- insufficient to testify, in your experience, how is
- a challenge brought to the attention of the Court?
- 19 A. I've never personally had the experience where the
- 20 defense attorney challenged the qualifications -- I
- 21 mean, made an objection to the qualifications of a
- 22 person that we offered for expert testimony.
- But in preparation for several events where I
- 24 thought it would happen, what I anticipated happening
- is that the defense attorney would object to the

qualification of the witness as a, quote/unquote

"expert" under 702. And then the Court would have a

preliminary hearing to determine whether or not the

person was, in fact, an expert to overcome the

foundation for 702, and then instruct the jury,

depending upon, you know, how that went.

If the Court found that the person was qualified under 702, the person would be allowed to testify.

And any testimony, the jury would consider it as the weight as opposed to the admissibility. But we never had the situation where we had an expert who was prohibited from testifying.

- Q. Is it your understanding as a prosecutor that under Rule 702 of the Indiana Rules of Evidence, a party who believed that an expert should not testify can bring a pretrial challenge by way of Motion to the trial judge?
- A. Yes. It used to be called a Daubert hearing when I first started. Then it became known as a Frye hearing. And what that type of a hearing does is examine not only the expert but also the science to determine if the science upon when the expert is relying is recognized in their field and if it can be determined to be credible evidence.

I've, personally, handled a couple of cases

BY MR. DE BONI:

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- Q. Mr. Zook in the Lana Canen criminal case, in which you were the prosecutor, did not bring a Rule of Evidence, Rule 702 Challenge against Mr. Chapman; correct?
- 6 A. That is correct.
- Q. Are you aware of any Indiana law, any statutory or administrative criteria that must be met as a threshold matter before an individual can testify concerning fingerprint analysis?
- 11 A. I'm not aware of an Indiana Statute. I am aware of a

  12 variety of opinions, case opinions, that discuss the

  13 qualifications of a person to be qualified as an

  14 expert under 702.
- 15 | O. Okay.
- 16 A. But that's not a statute.
- Q. Okay. So you're not aware of any statute or
  administrative regulation pertaining to a threshold
  criteria for qualification a fingerprint analyst
  must have?
- 21 A. Correct.
- Q. Now, under Rule 702 is it correct that the judge
  is -- to use a phrase commonly used -- the
  gatekeeper, concerning who can testify as an
  expert?

- challenges the credibility of a State-offered witness.
  - Q. If based on your experience as a prosecutor and as an attorney since -- 1997?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. -- in criminal trials in Elkhart County, once an expert witness is called as a witness and the direct examination has begun, can opposing counsel stand up at some point before the expert has given his opinion, his or her opinion, and ask the trial judge to voir dire the witness on his qualifications?
- A. Absolutely. We've even done that outside the presence of a jury on numerous cases.
- Q. Is that -- so that's not uncommon in criminal trials that you've been involved in?
  - A. I wouldn't say it's common or uncommon. I mean, I've done a lot of trials. So when you're looking at that many trials, I wouldn't say it's common, but it has occurred on multiple occasions.
- 21 Q. In front of Judge Shewmaker?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. And after the questioning or voir dire of witnesses is conducted, the opposing counsel could object to this witness giving an opinion; correct?

- A. Actually, no. This part of the questioning had more to do with laying the foundation for the fingerprint card, which was identified as State's Exhibit 46. It was more towards the line of the fingerprint card itself, did it contain sufficient detail to enable Detective Chapman to come to certain conclusions about, you know, "Here is a whirl, here is a ridge. Here is a dot. Here is an in."
- 9 Q. Okay.

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- A. That was the foundational for getting in 47. It
  wasn't until I built on that further that I would
  have come to the point where it would have been
  appropriate to make an objection regarding any type
  of a comparison, because this was more just a
  foundation for State's Exhibit 47 in and of itself.
  So I apologize if I'm being very detailed, but
  - there was a method behind this entire --
- 18 | Q. Okay.

- 19 A. -- line of questioning.
- Q. Mr. Chapman eventually gave an opinion that he felt that the lifter was that of Lana Canen, comparing it to her ten-print card; correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And, again, based on your experience in

  Judge Shewmaker's court prior to Mr. Chapman giving

- that opinion, Mr. Zook could have stood up and asked to question Mr. Chapman on his qualifications; right?
- 4 A. Absolutely.
  - Q. And if he felt that -- if Mr. Zook felt that he was unqualified to give that opinion, he could have raised that objection at that time to

    Judge Shewmaker; correct?
- 9 A. Yes.

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- 10 | O. That was not done?
- 11 A. Correct.
- Q. To be clear, Dennis Chapman at the time that he provided the fingerprint analysis for the

  Lana Canen murder case was employed by the

  Elkhart County Sheriff's Department; correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. And to the best of your knowledge, Mr. Chapman did
  not come forward to the Elkhart City Police or the
  Elkhart County Prosecutor and -- and say, "Hey, I
  want to get involved in your investigation"?
- 21 A. No. That's not the case at all. This was --
- Q. You reached out to him -- or either the Elkhart
  City Police or the Elkhart County Prosecutor
  reached out to Mr. Chapman and said, "Would you

25 assist us?"

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 (Plaintiff's Exhibit No. 25 marked.)
- 3 BY MR. SUTHERLIN:
- 4 Q. Exhibit 20- -- I think it's like 25. Do you see
- 5 25?
- 6 A. I do. I have it.
- 7 Q. Ms. Becker, we just received this yesterday from
- 8 the Elkhart City Police, but I'll represent to you
- 9 that it's State's Exhibit 46. And it's a
- 10 three-page document, and it State's Exhibit 47 from
- 11 the
- 12 Lana Canen murder case.
- 13 | A. Okay.
- 14 Q. For some reason the Elkhart City Police -- I think
- because of the appeal, still had those. We didn't
- 16 have them when we asked for the entire record from
- 17 the court reporter.
- 18 So page -- page 1 of Exhibit 25 is State's
- 19 Exhibit 46; correct?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 | Q. And that's the lifter card?
- 22 A. Yes. It appears to be. I recognize my handwriting
- on the number.
- Q. Please explain what a lifter card is.
- 25 A. A lifter card is a tool that forensic crime scene

investigators utilize for purposes of collecting evidence either from a crime scene or somewhere that they believe to be evidence.

It consists of really two parts: There is a -kind of a white sterile card that is covered by an
adhesive clear -- some type of plastic material
cover.

When they're ready to use it, they pull the protector from the adhesive side. They use the adhesive and place it on the item of evidence, and then they remove it very carefully. And then they very carefully close the adhesive part onto the sterile white part so that it preserves the lift, in other words, the material that they have pulled from the evidentiary sample. And then it protects it and preserves it from any potential taint.

- Q. Are lifter cards used to obtain and preserve fingerprints from a crime scene?
- A. Yes.

Q. Okay. Now, in the Lana Canen murder

investigation -- I guess I had -- should more

appropriately say the Helen Sailor murder

investigation that was conducted by the Elkhart

City Police. Mr. Chapman would not have been

involved at all in collecting evidence from the

- scene; correct?
- 2 A. No. He was not. That was Detective Clyde Brown and
- 3 Detective Joe Borden from the Elkhart City Police
- 4 Department.

- 5 Q. So is it your understanding that Mr. Chapman would
- 6 have been provided a lifter card, a photograph of
- 7 which is on page 1 of Exhibit 25?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. And page 2 and 3 are what you've referred to as the
- 10 ten-print card?
- 11 A. That is correct.
- 12 Q. And Mr. Chapman was asked to compare the lifter
- 13 card, which contained a print with the ten-print
- card; correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. At trial during the actual criminal trial of
- 17 Lana Canen and Andrew Royer, there was an
- 18 enlargement or blowup of the lifter card. Is that
- 19 correct?
- 20 A. I don't think that it was of the entire lifter card.
- 21 It was of a select portion of the lifter card that
- 22 reflected --
- 23 | Q. Of a print?
- 24 A. -- the actual ridge detail of what appeared to be a
- 25 print.

Q. Okay.

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- A. I mean, I had been trying murder cases at the time
  that this was tried for about two and a half years by
  then. And I had tried quite a few, but whether he
  was a witness in them or not, I couldn't tell you.
- Q. Okay. Would it surprise you that he's only done one murder case, according to his own testimony?
  - A. Yeah. It would surprise me, but doesn't --
- 9 Q. Would it surprise you that he has done -- he's had no training in latent fingerprints examinations?
- 11 A. I don't agree with that. The representations made to
  12 me was that he had done latent comparisons.
  - Q. I didn't ask that. I said did he have any training? Would it surprise you that he had no training in latent comparison?
  - A. Yes. It would absolutely surprise if that's a true fact, but I don't believe that's a true fact.
  - Q. Okay. And you touted his experience with both the Nuclear Regulatory Agency and the FBI. Did you understand that his experience was with comparing not latent prints, but simply known prints and classifying them?

MR. DE BONI: I object to the form of the question. And also that assumes facts not in evidence.

BY MR. SUTHERLIN:

- Q. Go ahead and answer.
  - A. Should I answer? I understood, absolutely, that what he did for the FBI was compare what they call in the field as "known prints." I was aware that he did that hundreds of thousands of times. I mean, there was one comment in here he did that 40 times an hour in one unit that he was in.

I was also aware, though, that with his experience -- this is based on what he told me -- based upon his experience at the Elkhart County Sheriff's Department that he had done latent comparisons with unknowns. That was my belief.

- Q. That was not my question.
- A. Well, then I misunderstood your question.
- Q. Yeah. I asked -- I asked you about the Nuclear

  Regulatory Agency and the FBI.

Did you understand that -- and worked for those agencies, it did not involve latent fingerprint identifications at all?

- A. I cannot say that I asked that specific question of him. I understood that was accurate at the FBI. But I do not know about -- I do not know about the Cook Nuclear Power Plant.
- 25 | Q. What did he do for them?

CERTIFICATE

I, Charolette A. Martinez, a Notary Public, in and for the County of St. Joseph and State of Indiana, do hereby certify there appeared before me, VICKI ELAINE BECKER, on Wednesday, October 29, 2014, who was duly sworn to testify the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth to questions propounded at the taking of the foregoing deposition in a cause now pending and undetermined in said court;

I further certify that I then and there reported stenographically the proceedings at the said time and place; that the proceedings were then transcribed from my original shorthand notes; and that the foregoing transcript is a true and correct record thereof;

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my notarial seal this 3rd day of November, 2014.

Charolette A. Martinez, CSR Notary Public, State of Indiana Residence: St. Joseph County Commission Expires: 12-18-2022

1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA SOUTH BEND DIVISION					
2						
3	LANA CANEN,					
4	Plaintiff, )					
5	vs ) Case No.					
6	) 3:14-cv-315-RL-CAN DENNIS CHAPMAN and MARK DAGGY,					
7	Defendants. )					
8	)					
9	VICKI ELAINE BECKER					
10	I hereby acknowledge that I have read the foregoing					
11	deposition transcript regarding the case of Canen Vs.					
12	Daggy, taken on October 29, 2014, and that the same is a					
13	true and correct transcription of the answers given by me					
14	to the questions propounded, except for the additions or					
15	changes, if any, as noted on the attached errata sheet.					
16						
17						
18	VICKI ELAINE BECKER					
19	Subscribed and sworn to me					
20	this day of, 2014, A.D.					
21	2021, 1112.					
22	Notary Public or Witness					
23	State of County of					
24	My commission expires:					
25						

Deposition of: Vick Becker

Date: 11.5.14

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Page	Line	Change	То	Reason For Change	
4	17	"I've"	"You've"	misstatement	
7	7	"forfeiters"	"Forfeitures"	spelling	
8	12	circuit court	"Circuit Court"		
8	13	"Coustantino + Christo Fair	"Cosentino è Christofen	o" exelling	
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Signature:

Date: "/5/12